

a new **restorative** neurostimulation therapy for chronic low back pain



ReActiv8-B Results

(clinicaltrials.gov ID: NCT02577354)

Data beyond primary endpoint is incomplete.

19 November 2018



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Prospective, randomized,
sham-controlled, blinded
trial

204 total patients

Sham control with one way crossover after 120 days

Primary outcome: responder analysis

“Responder” - $\geq 30\%$ reduction from baseline in average low back pain VAS without any increase in pain medication or muscle relaxants

Primary efficacy endpoint is achieved if statistically significant difference in Responder rate between treatment and control

Primary Endpoint assessed 120 days post randomization

Secondary Endpoints include EQ-5D Quality of Life Assessment and ODI

Key patient demographics:

Mean age: 46

Mean duration of back pain: ~14 years

80% of patients on pain medication at baseline (37% on opioids)

ReActiv8-B Primary Efficacy Endpoint Outcomes



- Primary Efficacy Endpoint: Responder Rate comparison between treatment and control groups:

	120 days N=204
Responders Δ VAS \geq 30%	56%
Control	47%

Results do not demonstrate statistically significant difference at 120 days

ReActiv8-B: Therapy Response Rises Steadily through One Year



- Responder Rate comparison between treatment and control groups:

	120 days N=204	180 days N=160	1 Year N=116
Responders ΔVAS \geq 30%	56%	63%	72%
Control	47%	NA	NA
*Responders ΔVAS \geq 50%	43%	53%	60%
Control	35%	NA	NA
*Remitters (VAS \leq 2.5)	33%	38%	48%
Control	28%	NA	NA

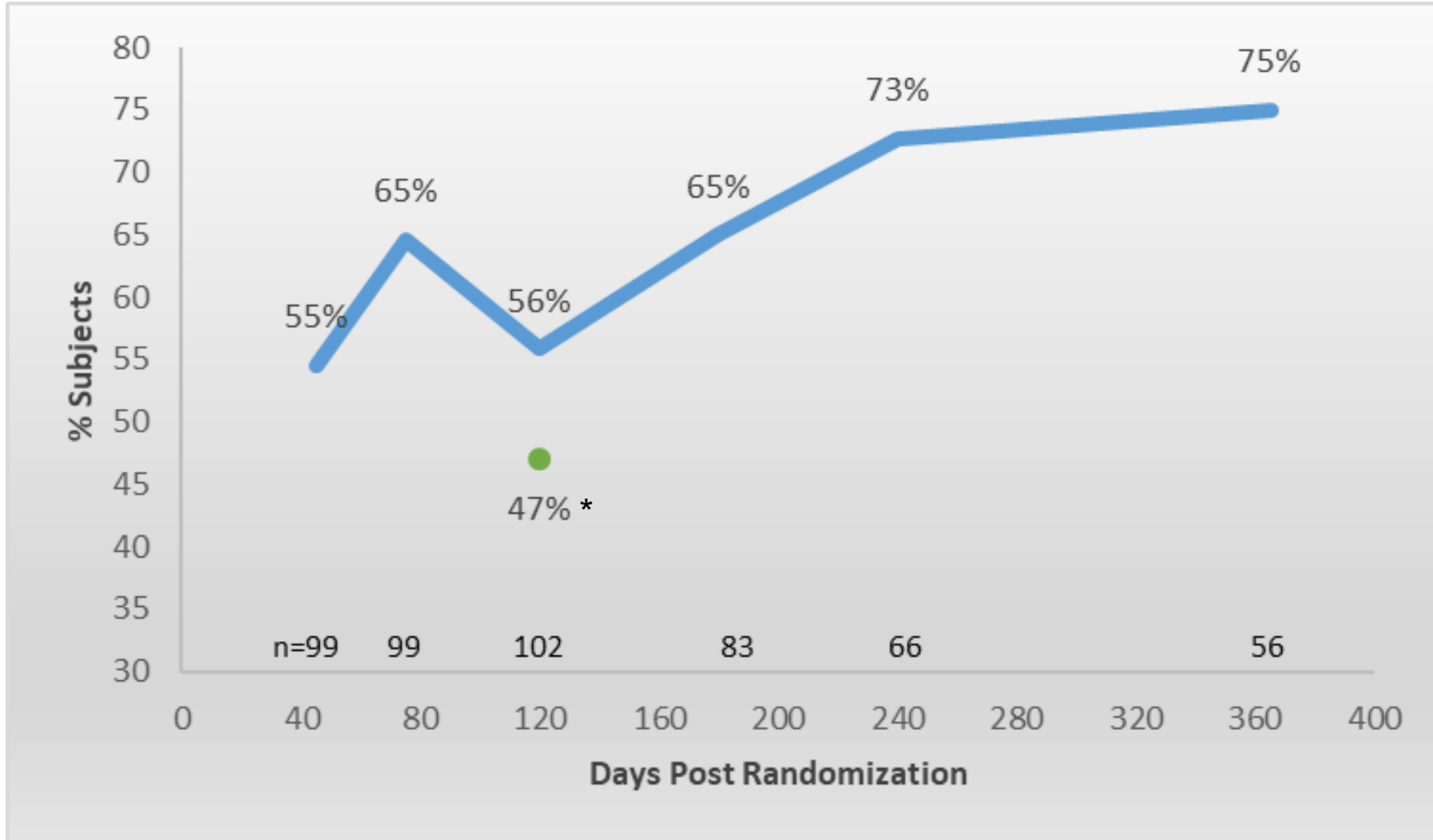
✓ 44% of patients on opioids at baseline eliminated/reduced use at 1 year as follows:

- ✓ 28% eliminated opioid use
- ✓ 16% significantly reduced opioid use

*Responder rate data for all time points exclude patients who have increased medication use. If those data points included all patients who experienced >30% VAS pain reduction regardless of medication increase (as it is typically calculated in neuromodulation trials), the response rates for ReActiv8 would be higher for all time points than the data shown. Data beyond 1 year is subject to change as additional patients complete further assessment visits.

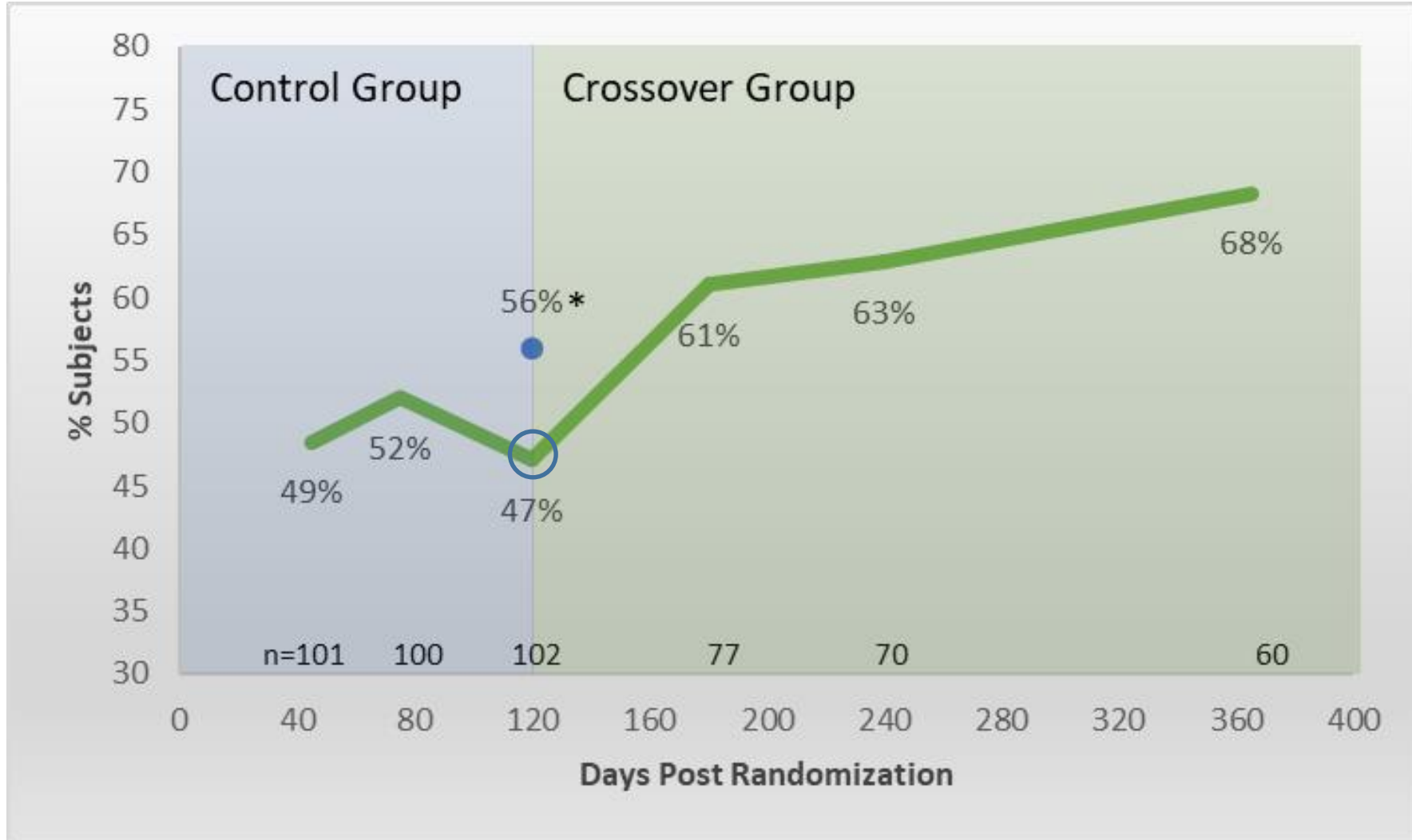
*n=201 (3 patients lost to follow-up)

Responder Rates – ReActiv8-B Treatment Group



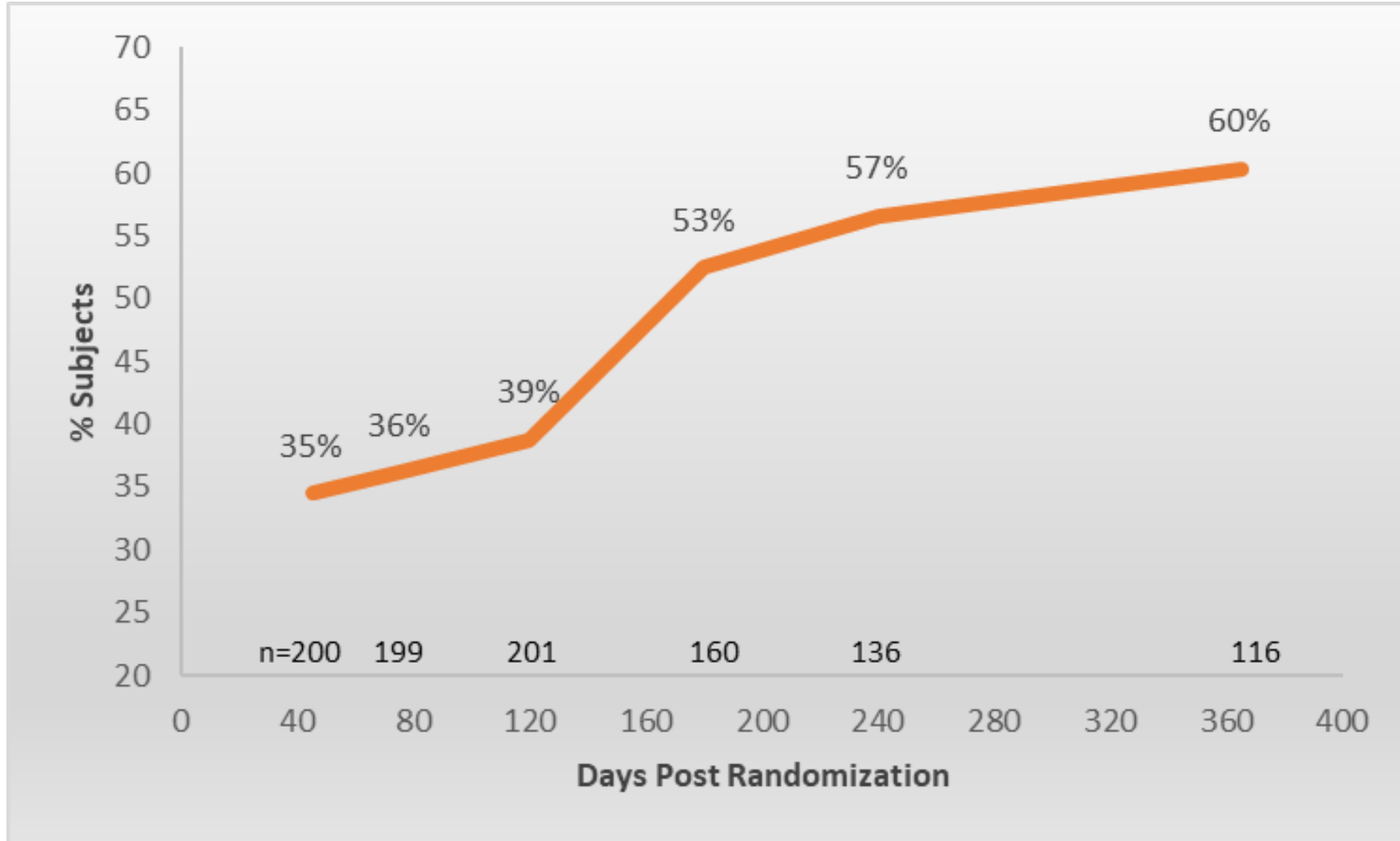
*Responder rate in Control Group

Responder Rates – ReActiv8-B Control Group



*Responder rate in Treatment Group

Responder Rates for Patients >50% VAS Pain Reduction*



*Same definition of Responder used as in primary endpoint, but applied only to patients showing >50% VAS pain reduction with no increase in medications

Benchmarking ReActiv8 to Approved Therapies

- Most recent data from an open label trial comparing HF-10 to Traditional SCS.
- Although ReActiv8 targets a different patient population, both trials involve neurostimulation for types of chronic low back pain.

	6 Months	1 Year
Responders ΔVAS \geq 30%		
ReActiv8*	63%	72%
Responders ΔVAS \geq 50%		
ReActiv8*	53%	60%
Traditional SCS ¹	52%	51%
HF10 ¹	76%	79%
Remitters (VAS < 2.5)		
ReActiv8*	38%	48%
Traditional SCS ¹	37%	43%
HF10 ¹	60%	69%

*For ReActiv8-B data points, n=160 patients at 6 months and n=116 patients at 1 year. ReActiv8-B Responder rates exclude patients who have increased medication use whereas the HF10 and Traditional SCS data does not exclude such patients. ReActiv8-B Responder rates would be higher if those patients were not excluded. Data subject to change as additional patients complete further assessments.

1. Kapural, L., Yu, C., Doust, M. W., Gliner, B. E., Vallejo, R., Sitzman, B. T., ... Burgher, A. H. (2015). Novel 10-kHz High-frequency Therapy (HF10 Therapy) Is Superior to Traditional Low-frequency Spinal Cord Stimulation for the Treatment of Chronic and and Leg Pain. *Anesthesiology*, 123(4).